

To setup your managed futures account:

Review the program documentation.

This will often include both a Disclosure Document and an Advisory Agreement. Many of these documents can be downloaded at altavra.co/forms or requested via email at clientservices@altavra.com.

Setup an account.

An account can be setup online at altavra.co/open. Account forms can be downloaded at altavra.co/forms or requested via email at clientservices@altavra.com.

Assign trading authorization.

Most managed accounts require both an Advisory Agreement and a Trading Authorization Form. If you are not sure which forms are required for your particular account, please email clientservices@altavra.com, or call 1-800-998-7870 (international +1-561-829-8291).

Submit completed forms.

Please email the completed forms to clientservices@altavra.com or fax to +1-561-829-8190.

Disclosure Document Note.

In an effort to achieve higher levels of disclosure and transparency, ALTAVRA provides free online access to the disclosure documents of many CTA's. While documents older than a year may still provide useful risk information and disclosure, they are no longer valid and cannot be used to setup an account with a CTA. To verify that you have the most recent disclosure document, please email clientservices@altavra.com.

Questions.

If you have any questions, please visit altavra.com, email clientservices@altavra.com, or call 1-800-998-7870.

Managed Futures CTA Database

To setup free access to the database, please visit altavra.com.

THE RISK OF LOSS IN TRADING FUTURES AND OPTIONS CAN BE SUBSTANTIAL. PAST RESULTS ARE NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS. ADDITIONAL RISK INFORMATION AT ALTAVRA.CO/RISK.

DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT OF



DIAMOND
Capital Management, LLC

A WISCONSIN LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY REGISTERED WITH
THE COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION AS A
COMMODITY TRADING ADVISOR

THE COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION HAS NOT PASSED UPON THE
MERITS OF PARTICIPATING IN THIS TRADING PROGRAM NOR HAS THE COMMISSION
PASSED ON THE ADEQUACY OR ACCURACY OF THIS DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT.

Date of Disclosure Document: December 31, 2018

THE DELIVERY OF THIS DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT AT ANY TIME DOES
NOT IMPLY THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS CORRECT
AS OF ANY TIME SUBSEQUENT TO THE DATE OF THIS DISCLOSURE
DOCUMENT.

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RISK DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

THE RISK OF LOSS IN TRADING COMMODITY INTERESTS CAN BE SUBSTANTIAL. YOU SHOULD THEREFORE CAREFULLY CONSIDER WHETHER SUCH TRADING IS SUITABLE FOR YOU IN LIGHT OF YOUR FINANCIAL CONDITION. IN CONSIDERING WHETHER TO TRADE OR TO AUTHORIZE SOMEONE ELSE TO TRADE FOR YOU, YOU SHOULD BE AWARE OF THE FOLLOWING:

IF YOU PURCHASE A COMMODITY OPTION, YOU MAY SUSTAIN A TOTAL LOSS OF THE PREMIUM AND OF ALL TRANSACTION COSTS.

IF YOU PURCHASE OR SELL A COMMODITY FUTURES CONTRACT OR SELL A COMMODITY OPTION OR ENGAGE IN OFF-EXCHANGE FOREIGN CURRENCY TRADING YOU MAY SUSTAIN A TOTAL LOSS OF THE INITIAL MARGIN FUNDS OR SECURITY DEPOSIT AND ANY ADDITIONAL FUNDS THAT YOU DEPOSIT WITH YOUR BROKER TO ESTABLISH OR MAINTAIN YOUR POSITION. IF THE MARKET MOVES AGAINST YOUR POSITION, YOU MAY BE CALLED UPON BY YOUR BROKER TO DEPOSIT A SUBSTANTIAL AMOUNT OF ADDITIONAL MARGIN FUNDS, ON SHORT NOTICE, IN ORDER TO MAINTAIN YOUR POSITION. IF YOU DO NOT PROVIDE THE REQUESTED FUNDS WITHIN THE PRESCRIBED TIME, YOUR POSITION MAY BE LIQUIDATED AT A LOSS, AND YOU WILL BE LIABLE FOR ANY RESULTING DEFICIT IN YOUR ACCOUNT.

UNDER CERTAIN MARKET CONDITIONS, YOU MAY FIND IT DIFFICULT OR IMPOSSIBLE TO LIQUIDATE A POSITION. THIS CAN OCCUR FOR EXAMPLE WHEN THE MARKET MAKES A "LIMIT MOVE."

THE PLACEMENT OF CONTINGENT ORDERS BY YOU OR YOUR TRADING ADVISOR, SUCH AS A "STOP-LOSS" OR "STOP-LIMIT" ORDER, WILL NOT NECESSARILY LIMIT YOUR LOSSES TO THE INTENDED AMOUNTS, SINCE MARKET CONDITIONS MAY MAKE IT IMPOSSIBLE TO EXECUTE SUCH ORDERS.

A "SPREAD" POSITION MAY NOT BE LESS RISKY THAN A SIMPLE "LONG" OR "SHORT" POSITION.

THE HIGH DEGREE OF LEVERAGE THAT IS OFTEN OBTAINABLE IN COMMODITY INTEREST TRADING CAN WORK AGAINST YOU AS WELL AS FOR YOU. THE USE OF LEVERAGE CAN LEAD TO LARGE LOSSES AS WELL AS GAINS.

IN SOME CASES, MANAGED COMMODITY ACCOUNTS ARE SUBJECT TO SUBSTANTIAL CHARGES FOR MANAGEMENT AND ADVISORY FEES. IT MAY BE NECESSARY FOR THOSE ACCOUNTS THAT ARE SUBJECT TO THESE CHARGES TO MAKE SUBSTANTIAL TRADING PROFITS TO AVOID DEPLETION OR EXHAUSTION OF THEIR ASSETS. THIS DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT CONTAINS AT PAGES 8 THROUGH 9 A COMPLETE DESCRIPTION OF EACH FEE TO BE CHARGED TO YOUR ACCOUNT BY THE COMMODITY TRADING ADVISOR.

THIS BRIEF STATEMENT CANNOT DISCLOSE ALL OF THE RISKS AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT ASPECTS OF THE COMMODITY INTEREST MARKETS. YOU SHOULD THEREFORE CAREFULLY STUDY THIS DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT AND COMMODITY INTEREST TRADING BEFORE YOU TRADE, INCLUDING THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PRINCIPAL RISK FACTORS OF THIS INVESTMENT, AT PAGES 3 THROUGH 5.

THIS COMMODITY TRADING ADVISOR IS PROHIBITED BY LAW FROM ACCEPTING FUNDS IN THE TRADING ADVISOR'S NAME FROM A CLIENT FOR TRADING COMMODITY INTERESTS. YOU MUST PLACE ALL FUNDS FOR TRADING IN THIS TRADING PROGRAM DIRECTLY WITH A FUTURES COMMISSION MERCHANT OR RETAIL FOREIGN EXCHANGE DEALER, AS APPLICABLE.

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INTRODUCTION

Diamond Capital Management, LLC (the “Advisor” or “Diamond”), a Wisconsin limited liability company, became registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (“CFTC”) as a Commodity Trading Advisor (“CTA”) on November 12, 2002. Diamond became a member of the National Futures Association (“NFA”) on November 15, 2002. The Advisor’s principal office is located at W252N4915 Aberdeen Drive, Pewaukee, Wisconsin 53072 (262) 691-9144. Books and records of the Advisor are maintained at this address.

The Advisor is offering Clients an opportunity to participate in a managed account programs, which seeks capital appreciation of Clients’ assets through speculative trading in commodity futures and options on commodity futures. There is no representation being made that the trading program will be successful in achieving this goal. The program is fully discussed in “Trading Methodology and Risk Management”.

MANAGEMENT

M. Kelly Farrell has over 31 years of investment experience. In June 1987, she began her career as an assistant to three executive securities brokers at Prudential Bache Securities in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, which provided sales and trading in US and foreign equity securities. In March 1989, Ms. Farrell left Prudential Bache Securities LLC and joined the Institutional Custody Department at Firststar Bank, N.A., as an Institutional Custody Service Representative. She assumed a management position in 1992, supervising Institutional Custody Service Representatives who had the responsibilities of interfacing with over 200 Registered Investment Advisors, providing short term cash investments, portfolio trade settlements and various other related institutional custody services. Ms. Farrell became the Trading Desk Manager and General Securities Principal for Firststar Investment Services in May of 1997, where she supervised Registered Representatives on both the fixed income institutional sales and trading desk, as well as the retail brokerage-trading desk. Ms. Farrell assumed the lead trading position as the Fixed Income Product Manager for Firststar Bank’s Fixed Income Department in February of 1998. Ms. Farrell moved directly into institutional sales for Firststar Bank’s Fixed Income Department in January of 1999 until January 2001, working with correspondent banks, trust accounts, money managers, mutual funds and high net worth individuals, increasing sales revenue by 500% in 2000. She also assisted the Fixed Income Product Managers perform various trading functions. During this time, from January of 2000 through December of 2000 Ms. Farrell also acted as a General Securities Principal for Quasar Distributors LLC (division of Firststar), a mutual funds distributor, in a consultative capacity, and to provide managerial and principal back up. In connection with her registration as a Registered Representative and General Securities Principal, Ms. Farrell passed the Series 7, Series 24 and Series 63 licensing examinations. Ms. Farrell left Firststar in January of 2001 to form Lochlan Capital Management. After January 2001, she worked on developing an option trading program and offered that program to clients of Diamond Capital Management in November 2002. In July 2001 Ms. Farrell passed the Series 3 and was registered as a NFA Associated Member. Ms. Farrell became registered as an Associated Person (“AP”) and became listed as a trading and operational principal of the Lochlan Capital Management LLC, a registered CTA, on August 10, 2001. In addition, Ms. Farrell became registered as an AP of R&S Investment Services LLC, a registered CPO, and as an AP and trading principal of Inlet Asset Management Inc, also a registered CPO, in August of 2001 until February 2002. Ms. Farrell remained a NFA Associated Member until February 25, 2002 at which time she withdrew to form Diamond Capital Management. Ms. Farrell became registered as an Associated Person (“AP”) on November 12, 2002 and became listed

as a principal of Diamond Capital Management on November 11, 2002. Ms. Farrell became registered as an Associated Person (“AP”) of Cauldron Investment Co LLC, a registered CTA with a 4.7 exemption, in March 2013 until April 2014. Ms. Farrell acts as both an operational and trading principal.

Alan Hu graduated from UC Berkeley in 2006 with a Bachelor of Arts in Interdisciplinary Studies focusing in economics, statistics, and psychology. Pursuing an interest in the booming game industry, he started his career designing complex core systems for a number of computer and mobile game startups in Silicon Valley. From December 2010 to September 2012 Alan worked for Idle Games as a Lead Game Designer, and from November 2012 until July 2013 for The Playforge as a Senior Game Designer. After 7 years in the game development industry he decided in a change of direction, taking an opportunity to apply his analytical and statistics-based skills towards investment management. Alan joined Cauldron Investments and Diamond Capital Management in October 2013, working directly with Albert L. Hu and Kelly M. Farrell, who combined have more than 60 years of experience in the professional investment industry. In September 2013 Mr. Hu passed the Series 3 and was registered as a NFA Associated Member. Mr. Hu became registered as an Associated Person of Cauldron Investments LLC in October 2013. On April 29, 2016 Alan became listed as a principal of Diamond Capital Management and of Cauldron Investments LLC. Alan revamped Cauldron's organizational infrastructure, codified the subsystems of Cauldron's SIP and Diamond's ESP programs, and continues to develop those programs through perpetual research and analysis. Since 2014, he has primarily focused on trading, risk management, research and product development for the ESP program, playing a key role in the continued success of the program.

Albert L. Hu has over 38 years of financial experience. Mr. Hu earned a M. S. degree in Applied Mathematics from the University of Santa Clara in 1973. Mr. Hu was a computer engineer at Amdahl Corporation, a manufacturer of IBM-mainframe-compatible computers, from June 1973 to June 1980. From July 1980 to Dec 1982, he was a stockbroker for Paine Webber & Co. (later acquired by UBS Financial Services Inc. in 2000), which provided sales and trading in US and foreign equity securities. From Jan 1983 to May 1983, he traded on the New York Futures Exchange as a floor trader. From May 1983 to April 1984 Mr. Hu stayed at home as a professional investor. Mr. Hu worked for Merrill Lynch Pierce Fenner & Smith from April 1984 until June 1986 and Prudential Equity Group from June 1986 to November 1987, both Futures Commission Merchants providing sales and trading in US and foreign commodity interests, as an account executive. Mr. Hu became listed as Associated Person (“AP”) of ALH Capital Management, Inc. a registered CTA from October 1987 until December 1990, and became listed as a trading and operational Principal of ALH Capital Management, Inc. from March 1989 until December 1990. Mr. Hu became listed as trading and operational principal and Associated Person (“AP”) of ALH Brokerage, Inc., an IB, from October 1987 until February 1989. Mr. Hu joined Heritage Commodity Consultants, Inc. a registered CPO and CTA, in October 1989 as Vice President and Director of Trading, managing trading and meeting with clients to discuss the trading program. He left Heritage in March 1992. He spent the rest of 1992 developing a computerized system for trading foreign currencies and offered that program to clients in January 1993. Mr. Hu became listed as Principal and Associated Person (“AP”) of ALH Capital Corp., a registered CPO, from October 1987 until April 1990. He became registered as Principal of ALH Capital Corp., a registered CTA, in April 1992 and as Associated Person (“AP”) in March 1994. During this time, ALH Capital Corp. became registered as a CPO in March 1994 until April 1997. ALH Capital Corp. was dissolved in 2006 and Mr. Hu withdrew his registration from CFTC and NFA in May 2006. At that same time in May 2006, Mr. Hu became registered as CPO and was

the pool operator and general partner of Platinum, LP, a limited partnership which invests in both equities and futures interests. Since the partnership is only for Mr. Hu, his family members and a friend, he filed for exemption, under CFTC rule 4.13(a)(2), for the Limited Partnership in June 2007 with NFA and withdrew his registration as CPO at the same time. Mr. Hu has since continued to trade and manage investments for Platinum LP, under exempt status as outlined above. In February 2008, Mr. Hu formed Los Altos Capital Management LLC, a registered CTA for which he became registered as an Associated Person ("AP") and listed as a trading and operational principal in April 2008. However, due to lack of marketing effort, he withdrew the registrations in November 2008. In August 2009, Mr. Hu became registered as an Associated Person ("AP") and became listed as a branch manager and principal of Diamond Capital Management in September 2009. In July 2012, Mr. Hu became registered as an Associated Person ("AP") and listed as principal of Cauldron Investment Co LLC, a registered CTA with a 4.7 exemption. Mr. Hu withdrew as listed principal of Diamond on 3/10/2017 with the transfer of his ownership interest to Alan Hu. His responsibilities at Diamond Capital include assisting with risk management, research, trading, and product development. On 2/23/16 Mr. Hu became an AP and branch office manager of USA Mutuals Advisors Inc., an exempt commodity pool operator, located in Dallas Texas. Mr. Hu had not performed any services on behalf of USA Mutuals and on 6/1/16 the AP and BOM statuses were withdrawn.

The performance records of the Advisor and its principals are presented beginning on page 14 of this document.

During the five years preceding the date of this document there have been no administrative, civil or criminal actions against Diamond or its principals (either pending, on appeal or concluded) that would be material to an investor in making a decision to open an account managed by the Advisor.

PRINCIPAL RISK FACTORS

In addition to the risks inherent in trading commodity interests pursuant to instructions provided by the Advisor (see "TRADING METHODOLOGY AND RISK MANAGEMENT"), there exist additional risk factors, including those described below, in connection with an investor participating in a managed account program. Prospective clients should consider all of the risk factors described below and elsewhere in this Disclosure Document before participating in any of the programs.

Futures and Options Trading Is Speculative and Volatile. Futures prices are highly volatile. Price movements for commodity interests are influenced by, among other things: changing supply and demand relationships; weather, agricultural, trade, fiscal, monetary, and exchange control programs and policies of governments; United States and foreign political and economic events and policies; changes in national and international interest rates and rates of inflation; currency devaluations and revaluations; and emotions of the marketplace. None of these factors can be controlled by the Advisor and no assurance can be given that the Advisor's trading actions will result in profitable trades for a Client or that a Client will not incur substantial losses.

Stop Loss Measures. The implementation of stop loss measures may not necessarily limit losses to the intended levels since market conditions may make it impossible to execute orders at the determined levels and therefore successfully contain losses.

Futures and Options Trading Is Highly Leveraged. A futures position can be established with margin that is small relative to the total value of the commodity interest contract purchased or sold. This can permit an extremely high degree of leverage. Accordingly, a relatively small price

movement in a contract may result in immediate and substantial losses to the investor. Thus, like other leveraged investments, any trade may result in losses in excess of the amount invested.

When the market value of a particular open position changes to a point where the margin on deposit in a participating customer's account does not satisfy the applicable maintenance margin requirement imposed by the customer's FCM, the customer, and not the Advisor, will receive a margin call from the FCM. If the customer does not satisfy the margin call within a reasonable time, the FCM will close out the customer's position.

Futures and Options Markets May Be Illiquid. The markets may become illiquid due, for example, to daily price fluctuation limits, making it impossible for a trader to close out a position against which the market is moving. Conversely, speculative position limits or other market constraints may prevent an Advisor from acquiring positions otherwise indicated by its strategy, eliminating profit opportunities or making it impossible to protect against further losses. This combination implies a high degree of risk. Futures trading is a zero-sum, risk transfer activity in which, by definition, for every gain there is an offsetting loss rather than a mutual participation over time in economic growth. An account's success depends entirely on the Advisor's ability to predict or follow future price movements or otherwise implement its trading strategies. There can be no assurances of the Advisor's success in doing so.

Trading of Commodity Options Involves Certain Risks. Options on certain futures contracts and options on certain physical commodities have been approved by the CFTC for trading on United States exchanges. Each such option is a right, purchased for a certain price to either buy or sell the underlying futures contract or physical commodity during a certain period of time for a fixed price. The Advisor may engage in the trading of options for the account of a Client.

Although successful options trading requires many of the same skills, as does successful futures contract trading, the risks involved are somewhat different. For example, if the Advisor, on behalf of a participating customer buys an option (either to sell or buy a futures contract or commodity), the customer will be required to pay a "premium" representing the market value of the option. Unless the price of the futures contract or commodity underlying the option changes and it becomes profitable to exercise or offset the option before it expires, the Client may lose the entire amount of the premium. Conversely, if the Advisor, on behalf of a Client, sells an option (either to sell or buy a futures contract or commodity), the Client will be credited with the premium but will have to deposit margin with the customer's FCM due to the customer's contingent liability to deliver or accept the futures contract or commodity underlying the option in the event the option is exercised. The writing of an option involves the risk of losing the entire investment or substantially more than the entire investment, thereby causing significant or unlimited losses to the client. The ability to trade in or exercise options may be restricted in the event that trading in the underlying futures contract or commodity becomes restricted. Such trading may involve additional risks because the Advisor has limited experience trading commodity options.

A Client's FCM May Fail. Under CFTC regulations, FCMs are required to maintain customers' assets in a segregated account. If a Client's FCM fails to do so, the Client may be subject to a risk of loss of his funds on deposit with his FCM in the event of its bankruptcy. In addition, under certain circumstances, such as the inability of another customer of the FCM or the FCM itself to satisfy substantial deficiencies in such other customer's account, a participating customer may be subject to a risk of loss of his funds on deposit with his FCM, even if such funds are properly segregated. In the case of any such bankruptcy or customer loss, a Client might recover, even in respect of property specifically traceable to the customer, it is possible that none of a client's property may be available for distribution, or only a pro rata share of all property available for distribution to all of the FCM's

customers.

Substantial Fees and Expenses. A Client is subject to substantial brokerage commissions and other transaction costs as well as management and incentive fees. Accordingly, a Client's account will have to earn substantial trading profits to avoid depletion of the Client's funds due to such commissions, costs, and fees.

The Client, and not the Advisor, is directly responsible for paying to the Client's FCM or, as appropriate, all margins, option premiums, brokerage commissions and fees, and other transaction costs and expenses incurred in connection with transactions effected for the customer's account by the Advisor. The Advisor considers the interests of its Clients paramount and manages all accounts to further the interests of customers. Nevertheless, no assurance can be given by the Advisor as to any minimum or maximum number of transactions which will be entered into for a Client's account during any period for which the account is managed by the Advisor.

A Client is responsible for bearing any and all expenses, losses, and fees incurred as a result of maintaining and having the Advisor trade the Client's account. In the Management Agreement (a copy of which is attached), a Client agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the Advisor and its employees, affiliates, and agents in this regard. See "FEES AND EXPENSES."

Limited Portfolio May Result in Increased Volatility. Trading a limited portfolio may result in Clients experiencing greater performance volatility and greater risk of loss than would be experienced by a more diversified portfolio.

No Intrinsic Value to Investments. The program offered should be considered on a stand-alone basis only, not as a beneficial diversification to a portfolio, unless it trades successfully. Clients will not acquire assets with intrinsic value. The program offered hereby is entirely speculative and is not based on the appreciation in value of any asset.

Possible Regulatory Changes. In the current environment, prospective Clients must recognize the possibility of future regulatory changes altering, perhaps to a material extent, the nature of an investment in the program offered hereby. For example, certain exchanges could raise significantly the margin requirements applicable in connection with Diamond Capital option writing. Accordingly, Diamond Capital would not be able to write as many options, based on a particular level of Net Assets, as was possible previously. Reduced position levels may lead to lower profit potential.

Tax liability. Clients should satisfy themselves as to the income tax and other tax consequences of an investment in a managed account program with specific reference to their own tax situation by obtaining advice from their own tax counsel before participating in a managed account program.

Counter Party Credit Risks. A Futures Commission Merchant ("FCM") and Introducing Broker ("IB"), or a foreign entity dealing with foreign futures and options, may experience financial difficulties that may result in the inability or refusal to perform all of its obligations – or even failure. This can lead to a partial payment or non-payment of funds due to the clients; in some cases it may be impossible to collect sums owed, particularly from foreign entities.

The foregoing list of Principal Risk Factors does not purport to be a complete explanation of the risks involved in option trading. Potential investors should read the entire disclosure document before deciding whether to invest in the program.

TRADING METHODOLOGY AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Diamond Capital Management currently offers the Enhanced S&P Program (ESP). The trading strategies utilized by the Advisor are proprietary and confidential. The following descriptions are of general necessity and are not intended to be all-inclusive.

Recommended Commitment

The Advisor recommends that Clients open accounts with a minimum of \$100,000 for the Enhanced S&P Program (ESP) in order to ensure that Clients will have sufficient equity in their accounts to fully participate in the Program. However, the Advisor reserves the right to waive this minimum funding requirement. The Advisor may also accept partially funded or notional accounts.

The Advisor believes that a long-term commitment to its Program provides the best opportunity to experience profitable trading. A client should be willing to commit capital to the Program for at least one year for a reasonable chance to ascertain the level of return targeted by the Program.

Enhanced S&P Program (ESP)

Trading Methodology

The Enhanced S&P Program (ESP) consists of a trend-following system and a trend reversal system which are enhanced with a premium capture system.

Trend-Following System

This system utilizes a computerized technical trend-following strategy with various levels of money management techniques, where the principal objective is to profit from sustained futures price trends. Trend following is a method of trading which seeks to establish and maintain market positions based on major price movements.

The system first determines whether the S&P market is in a bull or bear trend, then trades with the trend until it gets stopped out. A stop would occur when the S&P moves out of the current trend but has not yet entered into the opposite trend. In addition to the Trend Following System, the trend reversal system utilizes proprietary short-term counter-trend signals that may be used to exit the current position, hedge the current position, or potentially trade against the trend on a short-term basis.

Premium Capture System

Within this program, DCM will also write covered and/or uncovered options to capture premiums to increase the potential profits. (Option positions may also increase the risk of market exposure from time to time.) Each month puts and calls will be written – the goal being to capture the premiums either by letting the written options expire or by purchasing them back at lower price.

The Volatility Index (also known as the VIX) will be used to determine the number of options to sell and what strike prices to be utilized. Strict risk controls will be in place to limit the downside risks and achieve a desirable risk/reward ratio.

Use of Trend-Following Analysis

The trend following portion of the program may utilize short-term, medium-term or long-term positions. The program may trade both the long and short sides of the market. In its evaluation of the markets, DCM employs a trend-following strategy. One method of successful speculative

commodity trading depends upon establishing a position and then maintaining the position while the market moves in a favorable direction. The trader then seeks to exit the particular market and may establish reverse positions when the initial trend either does not materialize or reverses. Trading will not typically be successful if the particular market is moving in an erratic and non-trending manner. Because of the nature of the commodities markets, there will be frequent false-trends. A pure trend-following trading system, method, strategy or model will never direct market entry or exit at the most favorable prices. Rather, this type of trading method seeks to close out losing positions and to hold portions of profitable positions for as long as the trader determines that the particular market trend continues to exist and liquidates when the trend reverses. As a result, the number of losing transactions can be expected to exceed the number of profitable transactions. However, if the approach is successful, these losses should be relatively smaller and should be more than offset by a few larger gains.

During upside and downside trends in the market, the Trend-Reversal System uses proprietary technical parameters in seeking to identify opportunities to profit from corrections and rallies by taking a position that opposes the market's current trend. However, in cases where the Trend-Following System already has an established position, the Trend-Reversal System seeks to either exit the current position to avoid losses or reverse the position to seek profits. These trades are usually short-term in nature, lasting from several days to several weeks.

Use of Stock Index Options

The option trading for this program is based primarily on writing out-of-the-money call and put options with the expectation that the options will either be bought back at a lower price or expire. In order to efficiently control risk, based on a proprietary risk control system developed by Mr. Hu, the trader will roll out of positions either vertically (to a further month) or diagonally (further out-of-the-money), as determined by current market conditions. From time to time, options may also be rolled closer to the underlying futures price if the perceived risk/reward is favorable. Technical analysis, chart reading and pattern recognition are used to determine which options to write for each monthly cycle. Occasionally, options may be purchased to either hedge positions or speculate on substantial movement in the underlying stock index. The performance for the Enhanced S&P Program (ESP) is set forth on page 14 for client accounts.

Form of Margin Deposits

A customer participating in the Managed Account Program must deposit trading funds directly in a commodity trading account with an FCM.

If Treasury bills are purchased for a participating customer's account, such Treasury bills are utilized as initial margin for commodity interest transactions, although the FCM generally credits a customer's margin requirement with only 90% of the face value thereof. All interest income earned on such Treasury bills is credited to the participating customer's account and Diamond Capital will not receive an incentive fee on such interest income.

Diamond Capital's trading strategies are speculative in nature.

"Hedgers" and "Speculators" are the two broad classifications of persons who trade in commodity futures and options. The commodities markets enable the hedger to shift risk of price volatility to the speculator. The usual objective of the hedger is to protect the profit expected from farming, merchandising or processing operations, rather than to profit from futures trading. Unlike the hedger, the speculator generally does not expect to deliver or receive any physical commodity, electing instead to offset a futures or option position and realizing a profit or loss based on the difference between the price at which a position was acquired and that at which it

was later offset. The speculator risks capital with the intention of making profits from fluctuations in futures or option prices. Speculators rarely take delivery of physical commodities but rather close out positions by entering into offsetting purchases or sales of futures contracts or options.

Trading Strategies and Systems

The trading strategies and systems utilized by Diamond Capital Management may be revised from time to time as a result of ongoing research and development, which seeks to devise new trading strategies and systems as well as test methods currently employed. The trading strategies and systems used by Diamond in the future may differ significantly from those presently used due to the changes which may result from this research. Clients will not be informed of these changes as they may occur.

FEES AND EXPENSES

The Advisor charges clients a quarterly incentive fee and monthly management fee that is billed quarterly. Once the fees are earned, the Advisor will retain the fees regardless of the account's performance subsequent to the period for which the fees are earned. Because Diamond may structure each account (including the applicable fees) to meet specific Client needs, the following description of Diamond's fees represents the fees that may be charged to an account under most circumstances. Management and/or incentive fees may be waived or adjusted at the sole discretion of the Advisor not to exceed a 30% incentive fee or a 2% management fee.

Incentive Fee

The Advisor charges a quarterly incentive fee of 20% of New Net Trading Profits. The New Net Trading Profits will not include accrued earned interest (if any). A participating customer may pay an initial incentive fee calculated for a period that is less than three months in the case of a new account opened during the quarter or an account closed before the end of the quarter.

New Net Trading Profits are computed using the formula: gross realized profit and loss during the period *plus* the change in net unrealized profit and loss on open positions as of the end of the period, *minus* all brokerage commissions and transaction fees, *minus* management fees accrued or paid during the period and cumulative net loss, if any, carried over from other periods. The carryover of previous loss makes certain that incentive fees are paid only on the new cumulative increases in the net gains of an account. It should be noted that the full loss is not carried over the next quarter in an instance where there has been a partial withdrawal of funds. In this case, the portion of the loss attributable to the withdrawn amount is first subtracted from the carryover loss.

In addition, if an account does not have New Net Trading Profits in a given quarter, no incentive fee will be due to Diamond unless and until the account experiences New Net Trading Profits in a subsequent quarter. The amount of the incentive fee due to Diamond, if any, will be determined independently with respect to each quarter, and the amount of any such fee paid will not be affected by subsequent losses experienced in a participating customer's account.

Incentive Fees will be accrued monthly, subject to reversal in the event of trading losses prior to the end of a calendar quarter. In the event of a withdrawal other than as of a quarter-end, any accrued Incentive Fees with respect to such redeemed assets will be paid to Diamond as if such date of withdrawal were a quarter-end and will be billed immediately.

Management Fee

The Advisor charges a monthly management fee of 1/6% (2% annually) of the Net Asset Value of the client's account at the end of each month. This fee is billed quarterly. The management fee will be calculated prior to any incentive fee being subtracted from the account. If a client withdraws from the Program on a date other than at the end of a quarter, management fees will be calculated and billed as if such termination were the end of the month and pro-rated to the number of months actually traded in that quarter and will be billed immediately.

The Advisor may accept partially funded, or notional funded accounts. The management fees charged to the account will be based on the nominal value of the account. The nominal value of the account under management is the initial amount of funds allocated to trading, plus or minus cumulative profits or losses, plus accrued interest, plus additional deposits, minus withdrawals, and minus all management and incentive fees paid. Cumulative profits or losses include both realized and unrealized profits or losses. For example, if a client is charged a 2% management fee on a \$100,000 account traded as a \$200,000 account, the account will be charged \$4,000, or 4% of the actual account size.

The term "net asset value" of a Client's account means the net assets in and committed to the account (that is total assets less total liabilities, including interest income and unrealized profits and losses on open commodity interest positions).

Third Party Fees

The Advisor may cause futures or options transactions to be executed by an FCM other than the one at which the accounts are carried. Clients agree to pay any additional charges on such trades for the transfer of the futures or options positions to the carrying brokerage firm.

Diamond Capital may at times pay a portion of collected fees to third parties, such as Introducing Brokers (IBs), properly registered with the NFA, for referral services.

Miscellaneous

Management and Incentive fees, if any, are due immediately upon termination of a client account prior to the end of the quarter. A participating customer is not entitled to a refund of any management fees and/or incentive fees paid to the date of such customer's withdrawal from the Managed Account Program.

Following the end of a calendar quarter, an invoice will be sent to the FCM carrying the participating customer's account to collect the management fee and incentive fee, if any, that are due and owing to the Advisor. By signing the Fee Payment Authorization, participating clients authorize their respective FCM to pay the Advisor management and incentive fees from the customer's account upon the receipt of a bill for such fees from the Advisor. The Advisor should be contacted as soon as possible upon finding any errors.

SPECIAL DISCLOSURE FOR NOTIONALLY-FUNDED ACCOUNTS

Some accounts managed by the Advisor may specify a Nominal Account size that exceeds the amount of Actual Funds and are therefore referred to as "Notional Fund Accounts". The amount by which the Nominal Account size exceeds the amount of Actual Funds on deposit in an account is deemed "Notional Funds". Be apprised that partial funding increases leverage and the increased leverage will magnify both profits and losses.

You should request your commodity trading advisor to advise you of the amount of cash or other assets (actual funds) which should be deposited to the Advisor’s trading program for your account to be considered “fully-funded”. This is the amount upon which the commodity trading advisor will determine the number of contracts traded in your account and should be an amount sufficient to make it unlikely that any further cash deposits would be required from you over the course of your participation in the commodity trading advisor’s program.

You are reminded that the account size you have agreed to in writing (the “nominal” or “notional” account size) is not the maximum possible loss that your account may experience. You should consult the account statements received from your Futures Commission Merchant in order to determine the actual activity in your account, including profits, losses and current cash equity balance. To the extent that the equity in your account is at any time less than the designated nominal account size you should be aware of the following:

1. Although your gains and losses, measured in dollars will be the same, they will be greater when it expresses a percentage of account equity.
2. You may receive more frequent and larger margin calls.
3. You will pay higher advisory fees and brokerage commissions, as measured by the percentage of such fees and commissions in relation to assets actually deposited in the account, than a client’s account which is fully funded. See page 8 for more information.
4. Once the initial nominal account size has been established by the client in writing, it will continue to be increased/decreased by cash additions, cash withdrawals, and net performance. A change in the designated nominal account size (trading level), which is not the result of accrued trading profits or losses, should be communicated to the advisor in writing. A client may specifically request in writing that cash additions, cash withdrawals, and net performance not impact the nominal account size.
5. The following table may be used to convert the actual rates of return (“ROR”) to the corresponding ROR’s for particular funding levels.

Actual ROR	Rates of Return based on various funding levels		
20%	20%	26.67%	40%
10%	10%	13.33%	20%
5%	5%	6.67%	10%
0%	0%	0%	0%
-5%	-5%	-6.67%	-10%
-10%	-10%	-13.33%	-20%
-20%	-20%	-26.67%	-40%
% Level of Funding	100%	75%	50%

FUTURES COMMISSION MERCHANT AND INTRODUCING BROKER

Clients may select the futures commission merchant (“FCM”) at which to maintain their accounts and an introducing broker (“IB”) through which they will introduce their accounts. Diamond Capital Management reserves the right to disapprove any FCM or IB chosen by the client. Such disapproval will generally be based on the past performance, clearing capabilities, product limitations and commission structure of the FCM or IB.

The Advisor recommends that each prospective client familiarize themselves with the services, experience, and integrity of any futures commission merchant or introducing broker with which a client chooses to do business.

In an effort to ensure efficient trade execution and maintain equity between various accounts, Diamond Capital Management may use a “give-up” arrangement in which trades are executed through a FCM of Diamond’s choice, and then cleared by the client’s FCM. This arrangement will typically result in the client paying a higher round-turn commission in the form of an added give-up fee paid to the executing FCM. Although most of the execution fees are very standard with small variations, approximately \$0.60 to \$1.00 per contract, DCM will try to negotiate the best rate for its clients. The client generally will be provided with a statement from the clearing FCM disclosing the amount of brokerage commissions and fees charged to the account.

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Prospective clients should be aware that these, and other, potential conflicts of interest are frequently inherent to a CTA. The Advisor, however, understands its obligation to treat each client with fairness while considering the client's best interests. All efforts will be made to assure fair and equitable treatment of all accounts.

The Advisor intends to continue to actively solicit and manage other customer accounts. In conducting such activities, the Advisor may have conflicts of interest in allocating management time and administrative functions.

The trading methods and strategies utilized in managing the accounts of participating investors may be utilized by the Advisor in trading for it or the firm members’ accounts individually. In rendering trading advice to a Client, the Advisor will not knowingly or deliberately favor any proprietary account over the account of the Client. However, no assurance is given that the performance of all accounts managed by the Advisor will be identical or even similar.

Because of price volatility, occasional variations in liquidity, differences in order execution, as well as differences in each accounts trading level each month, it is impossible for the Advisor to obtain identical trade execution of all its clients. As such, differences in performance among client accounts over time.

The Advisor will typically place orders as "block orders". In doing so, the Advisor will enter the order for one client along with the orders of other clients. In addition, the Advisor's account and/or the Advisors principals’ account may be blocked with the client accounts. In this manner of trading, the Advisor attempts to trade client accounts in parallel, making trades for accounts and apportioning the number of each commodity interest ratably among the accounts based on the equity in each account. In the event of a partial fill, allocations will be made on a pro-rata basis. Each client would receive, if possible, a portion of the blocked order. Each client will receive the

percent of the partial fill in relationship to the overall order, in their account. For example, if only 50% of the total order was filled, then 50% of the positions as it relates to the client's account size would be filled.

In the event a partial fill occurs, the Advisor's account and/or its principal's account may receive a position once each of the client's accounts have received a full or partial allocation.

In the event of split fill prices, the accounts will be allocated using an APS (Average Price) basis. In our experience the occurrence of split and partial fills has been extremely rare, however they may occur. Specific trade allocation information will not be made available to the clients.

A conflict of interest exists insofar as the Advisor is compensated on an incentive fee basis, which may increase the likelihood that the Advisor may engage in trading which is riskier than that which is described in the trading programs and may place the interests of the Advisor in conflict with those of its clients or investors. The Advisor has no intention of engaging in trading in any manner not consistent with the trading programs described herein.

Additionally, no assurance is given that the performance of all accounts controlled by the Advisor will be identical due to, among other things, account size, the time at which the account was opened or closed, and differing levels of leverage.

The Advisor intends to enter orders for clients' accounts before entering orders for proprietary accounts, and in view of market liquidity and open interest, the Advisor believes any adverse effect will be minimal or non-existent. Neither the Advisor nor the principals will trade or take positions ahead of clients' positions.

PROPRIETARY TRADING BY THE ADVISOR

The advisor and its principals may continue to trade their own proprietary accounts. Although the advisor will generally trade in parallel with customer accounts, due to differences in leverage, performance may differ significantly from customer performance. Diamond Capital Management will never intentionally favor a proprietary account over a client account, nor will the advisor knowingly permit a proprietary account to trade ahead of a client account. Due to the proprietary nature, the trading records of such trading activity will not be made available to clients for inspection.

ADDITION AND WITHDRAWAL REQUIREMENTS

Additional funds may be added to a Client's existing account at any time with written notice to the Advisor. Withdrawals may be made at any time. All notices of additions and withdrawals will become effective once acknowledged by the Advisor. Changes to positions held by an account will be made as promptly as possible subsequent to the acknowledgment of the request.

MISCELLANEOUS

This Disclosure Document does not purport to discuss all of the risks concerning trading in Commodity Interests or Diamond's trading programs.

Each client should consult his own tax advisor(s) to determine the income tax and other tax consequences of an investment in a managed account program with specific reference to their own tax situation. Due to the complexity of the tax laws and the various considerations applicable to each client, Diamond does not provide tax advice.

The rates of return earned when an advisor is managing a limited amount of equity may have little relationship to the rates of return that an advisor may be able to achieve managing larger amounts of equity.

Diamond shall not be liable, responsible or accountable in damages or otherwise to the Client, its successors or assigns, except for willful misconduct or gross negligence, and disclaims any liability for human or machine errors in connection with the placement or transmission of orders to trade or not trade commodity interests, including errors of any brokerage firm.

Quarterly management fees are accrued monthly and charged at 2% of net asset value *per annum*. Quarterly performance fees are accrued monthly and are charged at 20% of new net trading profits. Management fees and/or performance fees may vary as agreed upon by the advisor and client. Diamond reserves the right to make such determinations on a case-by-case basis.

The United States and foreign commodities markets are subject to ongoing and substantial regulatory changes. It is impossible to predict what statutory, administrative or exchange changes may occur in the future or what impact such changes may have on the Diamond's prospects for profitability.

PRIVACY STATEMENT

Pursuant to the Commodity Futures Trading Commissions new rules, financial institutions like Diamond Capital Management are required to provide privacy notices to their clients. We at Diamond Capital Management consider privacy to be fundamental to our relationship with our clients. We are committed to maintaining the confidentiality, integrity and security of our current and former clients' non-public information. Accordingly, we have developed internal polices to protect confidentiality while allowing clients' needs to be met.

We will not disclose any non-public personal information about clients, except to our affiliates and service providers as allowed by applicable law or regulation. In the normal course of serving our clients, information we collect may be shared with companies that perform various services such as our accountants, auditors and attorneys. Specifically, we may disclose non-public personal information including:

- Information Diamond Capital Management receives from clients on managed account agreements and related forms (such as name, address, Social Security/Tax identification number, birth date, assets, income and investment experience); and
- Information about clients' transactions with Diamond Capital Management (such as account activity and account balances).

Any party that receives this information will use it only for the services required and as allowed by applicable law or regulation, and is not permitted to share or use this information for any other purpose. To protect the personal information of individuals, we permit access only by authorized employees who need access to that information to provide services to our clients and us. In order to guard clients' non-public personal information, we maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards that comply with the U.S. federal standards. If the relationship between a client and

Diamond Capital Management ends, Diamond Capital Management will continue to treat clients' personal information as described in this notice. An individual client's right to privacy extends to all forms of contact with Diamond Capital Management, including telephone, written correspondence and electronic media, such as email messages via the Internet.

Diamond Capital Management reserves the right to change this privacy notice, and to apply changes to information previously collected, as permitted by law. Diamond Capital Management will inform clients of any such changes as required by law.

Any questions regarding this Privacy Statement should be directed to M. Kelly Farrell, at (262) 691-9144 or kfarrell@diamondcapitalmgmt.com.

**Performance History for the ENHANCED S&P PROGRAM (ESP)
January 2013– November 30, 2018**

Name of CTA: <i>(NFA member as of Nov 2002)</i>	Diamond Capital Management
Name of Trading Program:	Enhanced S&P Program
Inception of Trading in Offered Program (client accounts):	October 1, 2009
Inception of Trading for CTA:	November 26, 2002
Total assets traded pursuant to the program:	\$14,568,637
Total assets under management for CTA:	\$14,568,637
Number of open accounts in Offered Program:	63
Total number of open accounts for CTA:	63
Largest monthly drawdown:	-10.44% Jan 2016
Worst peak-to-valley drawdown:	-10.49% Jan 2016 ~ Feb 2016
Profitable accounts closed since Jan 2013:	59
Performance range for profitable closed accounts since Jan 2013:	0.22% ~101.16%
Number of losing accounts that have closed since 2013:	16
Performance range for losing closed accounts since 2013:	(0.22%) ~ (10.49%)

Monthly Rates of Return %													
Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	YTD
2013	4.03	0.59	1.94	2.37	1.47	-0.76	4.93	-1.43	4.43	2.99	1.09	2.22	26.42%
2014	-3.71	4.89	1.91	1.78	2.57	1.87	-1.43	5.30	0.42	-1.65	2.17	-0.81	13.73%
2015	-2.12	6.09	-0.71	1.97	0.30	-0.64	1.76	-5.33	1.12	3.12	1.10	1.11	7.59%
2016	-10.44	-0.06	3.70	0.57	2.28	1.79	2.77	0.32	0.84	-0.87	0.18	0.68	1.02%
2017	1.38	2.48	0.44	0.55	-0.08	0.61	1.82	0.57	1.63	1.82	2.44	1.11	15.78%
2018	4.52	-5.28	0.80	1.45	1.65	1.21	2.39	3.04	0.61	-5.41	0.44		5.02%

(Compounded)

PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS; AN INVESTMENT IN THE PROGRAM OFFERED HEREBY IS SPECULATIVE AND INVOLVES A SUBSTANTIAL RISK OF LOSS.

Notes to the Enhanced S&P Program (ESP) Capsule Performance Summary

The initial account utilizing the Enhanced S&P Program began trading in July 2009 and is a limited partnership which includes family members and friends of the family that became interested in the trading program through their relationship with Mr. Hu. Performance for this

account is considered proprietary under CFTC guidelines.

The accounts included in this table were charged actual fees ranging from 0% to 2% Management fees and 20% to 30% Incentive fees.

The advisor believes that the foregoing method of calculating the performance is reasonable. Prospective investors must note, however, that there are other methods by which this table could reasonably have been calculated which may have generated different composite results. The accompanying performance tables were prepared in accordance with Commodity Futures Trading Commission (“CFTC”) standards.

1. **Beginning Equity** represents the sum of actual equity (including cash and cash equivalents) in the accounts, plus capital, which is allocated for trading but not required as margin and accordingly, not actually deposited in the account. Beginning Equity includes unrealized profit and loss of open positions.
2. **Addition** represents all additional capital allocated to trading whether or not actually deposited in an account.
3. **Withdrawals** represent all partial and total withdrawals, as well as reallocations of funds from capital previously allocated to trading, whether or not such capital was actually deposited in an account.
4. **Net Performance Advisory Fees** is the Realized and Unrealized Profit (Loss) after Brokerage Commissions for the period.
5. **Net Performance after Advisory Fees** is Net Performance before Advisory fees less Actual Advisory Fees.
6. **Ending Equity** represents the sum of Beginning Equity plus Additions, less Withdrawals, plus or minus Net Performance.
7. **Monthly Rate of Return** is the Net Performance divided by Beginning Equity plus or minus the weighted average of additions and withdrawals.
8. **Compounded Rate of Return** is calculated by applying, on a compound basis, each of the monthly rates of return for a year, not by adding or averaging such monthly rates of return.
9. **Largest monthly draw-down** is the worst loss experienced by the program over a specified period. “Drawdowns” are measured on the basis of month-end net asset values only, and do not reflect intra-month figures.
10. **Worst peak-to-valley drawdown** is the greatest cumulative percentage decline in month-end net asset value in the program due to losses during a period in which the initial month-end net asset value is not equaled or exceeded by a subsequent month-end net asset value.
11. **Brokerage commissions** are accounted for monthly and include the total amount of all brokerage commissions and other trading fees paid during the month. Brokerage commissions are calculated on a round-turn basis. Round-turn commissions have ranged

from approximately U.S. \$6.32 to U.S. \$29.02. Interest income (where applicable) is earned on U.S. government obligations and cash on deposit with futures commission merchants and is recorded on the accrual basis.

PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS. NO REPRESENTATION IS MADE THAT ANY ACCOUNT WILL OR IS LIKELY TO ACHIEVE RESULTS SIMILAR TO THOSE SHOWN OR AVOID SUBSTANTIAL LOSSES. FUTURES TRADING IS SPECULATIVE AND INVOLVES SUBSTANTIAL RISK OF LOSS.



MANAGED ACCOUNT AGREEMENT – POWER OF ATTORNEY

The undersigned hereby authorizes _____ as his account controller and attorney in fact (the "Account Controller") to buy, sell (including short sales) and trade in commodity futures Contracts, options on commodity futures Contracts, physical commodities, foreign commodity futures Contracts, and options on foreign commodity futures Contracts, foreign commodities, forward Contracts and Contracts in the foreign exchange market on margin or otherwise in accordance with R.J. O'Brien's terms and conditions for the undersigned's account and risk in the undersigned's name or number on R.J. O'Brien's books. The authorization provided hereunder is subject to R.J. O'Brien's acceptance of the Account Controller. For avoidance of doubt, R.J. O'Brien's acceptance of any Account Controller shall in no way be deemed R.J. O'Brien's endorsement of such Account Controller and R.J. O'Brien shall have no liability for the acts or omissions of any Account Controller. Further, R.J. O'Brien shall have the right, at any time and in its sole discretion, to revoke any acceptance of any Account Controller and/or may refuse to accept future orders from any Account Controller previously accepted. The undersigned hereby agrees to indemnify and hold harmless from and pay R.J. O'Brien promptly on demand for any and all Losses arising therefrom or debit balance due thereon in the undersigned(s) account.

In all such purchases, sales or trades, R.J. O'Brien is authorized to follow the instruction of the Account Controller in every respect concerning the undersigned's account through R.J. O'Brien; the Account Controller is authorized to act for the undersigned and in the undersigned's behalf in the same manner and with the same force and effect as the undersigned might or could do with respect to such purchases, sales, or trades as well as with respect to all other things necessary or that would be incidental to the furtherance of conduct of such purchases, sales or trades.

The undersigned hereby ratifies and confirms any and all transactions with R.J. O'Brien heretofore made by the aforesaid Account Controller or for the undersigned account.

Duplicate statements will be made available to the Account Controller via R.J. O'Brien's client portal.

If the undersigned is a member of any exchange, the undersigned shall verify and confirm the clearing and exchange rates that the undersigned is charged for the transactions in the undersigned's account are correct and in compliance with exchange rules or policies. While R.J. O'Brien shall make reasonable efforts to confirm that the clearing and exchange rates are being charged correctly, R.J. O'Brien shall not be liable or responsible for any discrepancies. The undersigned shall remain at all times responsible or liable for any and all fees related to the undersigned's account as set forth in R.J. O'Brien's terms and conditions for the undersigned's account.

The authorizations and indemnities in this Managed Account Agreement – Power of Attorney are in addition to (and in no way limit or restrict) any rights which R.J. O'Brien may have under any other agreements or agreements between the undersigned and R.J. O'Brien. R.J. O'Brien shall not have any liability for following the instructions of the Account Controller, and the undersigned shall never attempt to hold R.J. O'Brien liable for the Account Controller's actions or inactions.

The undersigned represents that the Account Controller has provided a disclosure document to the undersigned concerning the Account Controller's trading advice, including any options trading advice and the strategies to be used by the Account Controller, which the undersigned has read and understood, or, in the alternative, the Account Controller has furnished the undersigned with a signed written statement explaining the Account Controller's exemption from applicable registration and disclosure document requirements of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission and National Futures Association.

The undersigned understands that there are many strategies that can be used in trading options, some of which have unlimited risk of loss and could result in the undersigned sustaining a total loss of all funds in the account and the undersigned being liable for any deficit in such account resulting therefrom. The undersigned acknowledges that he has discussed with the Account Controller the nature and risks of the strategy to be used in connection with options to be traded for the account.

This Managed Account Agreement – Power of Attorney is also one and shall remain in force and effect until the earlier of (i) revocation by the undersigned by a written notice addressed to R.J. O'Brien and delivered to R.J. O'Brien's office at 222 South Riverside Plaza, Suite 1200, Chicago, Illinois 60606; or (ii) the trading account has been closed in accordance with the terms of the account agreement or the terms in this Managed Account Agreement, but such revocation shall not affect any liability in any way resulting from transactions initiated prior to such revocation. This

MANAGED ACCOUNT AGREEMENT – POWER OF ATTORNEY

authorization and indemnity shall inure to the benefit of R.J. O'Brien and any successor firm or firms irrespective of any change or changes at any time in the personnel thereof for any cause whatsoever, and of the assigns of R.J. O'Brien or any successor firm.

This Managed Account Agreement - Power of Attorney does not revoke any powers of attorney previously executed by the undersigned unless the undersigned gives written notice of revocation to the Account Controller of any previously executed Power of Attorney.

R.J. O'Brien requires all Managed Accounts to maintain a cash account with R.J. O'Brien to be used for purposes of transferring excess cash or journaling debit amounts from or in the Managed Account(s) upon any termination of a Managed Account by either the undersigned or R.J. O'Brien (including, but not limited to, termination due to three years of inactivity in the Managed Account). By signing this Managed Account Agreement, you are simultaneously agreeing to, and opening, a cash account to be held with R.J. O'Brien. R.J. O'Brien reserves the right to terminate any Managed Account that has been inactive for a period of three years or greater.

The undersigned has read and understood the above and agrees to all terms and conditions therein.

This document creates a Limited Power of Attorney between the undersigned as “Principal” and the Account Controller. If actually executed by the Principal within the State of New York, to be valid, Section 5-1501B of the General Obligations Law of the State of New York requires that the document be signed by both the Principal and Account Controller and that the document contain the following notices to the Principal and the Account Controller. (The text of the following notices to the Principal and Account Controller is prescribed by law and must be recited verbatim to the statute even though some portions are not applicable to Powers of Attorney given by individuals to their brokers or investment managers.)

CAUTION TO THE CLIENT/PRINCIPAL(S)

Your Power of Attorney is an important document. As the “Principal,” you give the person whom you choose (your “Account Controller”) authority to spend your money and sell or dispose of your property during your lifetime without telling you. You do not lose your authority to act even though you have given your account controller similar authority.

When your Account Controller exercises this authority, he or she must act according to any instructions you have provided or, where there are no specific instructions, in your best interest. “Important Information for the Account Controller” at the end of this document describes your Account Controller’s responsibilities.

You can request information from your Account Controller at any time. If you are revoking a prior Power of Attorney by executing this Power of Attorney, you should provide written notice of the revocation to your prior Account Controller(s) and to the financial institutions where your accounts are located. You can revoke or terminate your Power of Attorney at any time for any reason as long as you are of sound mind. If you are no longer of sound mind, a court can remove an Account Controller for acting improperly. Your Account Controller cannot make health care decisions for you. You may execute a “Health Care Proxy” to do this. The law governing Powers of Attorney is contained in the New York General Obligations Law, Article 5, Title 15. This law is available at a law library, or online through the New York State Senate or Assembly websites, www.senate.state.ny.us or www.assembly.state.ny.us.

If there is anything about this document that you do not understand, you should ask a lawyer of your own choosing to explain it to you.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR THE ACCOUNT CONTROLLER

When you accept the authority granted under this Power of Attorney, a special legal relationship is created between you and the Principal. This relationship imposes on you legal responsibilities that continue until you resign or the Power of Attorney is terminated or revoked. You must:

- (1) Act according to any instructions from the Principal, or, where there are no instructions, in the Principal's best interest;
- (2) Avoid conflicts that would impair your ability to act in the Principal's best interest;

MANAGED ACCOUNT AGREEMENT – POWER OF ATTORNEY

- (3) Keep the Principal's property separate and distinct from any assets you own or control, unless otherwise permitted by law;
- (4) Keep a record of all receipts, payments, and transactions conducted for the Principal; and
- (5) Disclose your identity as an Account Controller whenever you act for the Principal by writing or printing the Principal's name and signing your own name as "Account Controller" in either of the following manner: (Principal's Name) by (Your Signature) as Account Controller, or (Your Signature) as Account Controller for (Principal's Name).

You may not use the Principal's assets to benefit yourself or give major gifts to yourself or anyone else unless the Principal has specifically granted you that authority in this Power of Attorney or in a Statutory Major Gifts Rider attached to this Power of Attorney. If you have that authority, you must act according to any instructions of the Principal or, where there are no such instructions, in the Principal's best interest. You acknowledge and agree that R.J. O'Brien has the right to refuse to accept orders from you at any time and you agree you will not enter any trade after you receive such notice, unless R.J. O'Brien expressly agrees otherwise in writing.

CLIENTS/PRINCIPALS

I have signed my name to this Managed Account Agreement – Power of Attorney.

Signature of Client/Principal/Partner

Signature of Joint Client/Principal/Partner

Print Client/Principal/Partner Name

Print Joint Client/Principal/Partner Name

Date

Date

MANAGED ACCOUNT AGREEMENT – POWER OF ATTORNEY

ACCOUNT CONTROLLER

I have read the foregoing Managed Account Agreement–Power of Attorney. I am the person(s) identified therein as Account Controller for the Principal named therein. I acknowledge my legal responsibilities. I have signed my name to this Managed Account Agreement–Power of Attorney.

Signature

Date

Print Name

Email Address

Phone Number

Employer Name

Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) or alternate info for traders¹

Occupation/Principal Business

Email for Statement Availability Notifications²

Yes No Will this account trade European exchanges?¹

- Notes: 1) Per MiFID II requirements for European exchanges, your firm must provide an LEI or the Country of Nationality plus the Passport Number or Date of Birth of the individual(s) who will execute trades for this account.
2) R.J.O'Brien does not send pdf statements via email.

Related Account Authorization

The undersigned (Customer) hereby authorized and directs R. J. O'Brien & Associates, LLC ("RJO") to open a new account using all existing account documentation including but not limited to agreement and risk disclosure acknowledgments, maintained and existing on file with RJO. Customer hereby acknowledges the receipt and sufficiency of consideration in exchange for RJO's agreement to open this new account. Customer accepts and agrees to be obligated to all of the representations and terms and conditions contained within the existing account documentation, customer agreement, and other agreement, or acknowledgment of receipt of risk disclosures previously agreed to with RJO or which are herein incorporated by reference.

Customer further represents that any additional account opened pursuant to this authorization is identical in all respects to customer's existing account, except as otherwise disclosed to RJO in writing, and further represents that there have been no material changes in customer's personal information or financial condition as previously disclosed in prior account documentation.

Concurrent long and short positions may be held In a hedge account in which both the long and short positions are bona fide hedge positions, in an account or identically owned accounts in which one side is a bona fide hedge position and the other side is a speculative position or in separate accounts for identically owned speculative concurrent long and short positions which are separately and independently controlled. RJO may process special offset instructions as permitted by regulation. Customer understands that positions in separate accounts cannot be transferred from one account to another from the day prior to first notice day in that specific contract.

Reason for Additional Account _____

Account Title _____

Existing RJO Account Number _____

New RJO Account Number _____

If Individual or Joint Account:

If Corporation, Partnership or other entity:

Customer Signature _____

Print Entity Name _____

Print Customer Name _____

Authorized Individual's Signature _____

Date _____

Print Authorized Individual's Name _____

Joint Party Signature _____

Title _____

Print Joint Party Name _____

Date _____

Date _____

For Office Use Only

If account has POA, will POA be the same on related account? _____

If account has POA, name of Account Manager _____

If account has an SBA, will the SBA be effective on related account? _____

Which exchange memberships, if any, apply to this account _____